



# SENATE BILL No. 40

DIGEST OF SB 40 (Updated January 17, 2006 2:44 pm - DI 110)

Citations Affected: IC 31-9; IC 31-14; IC 31-17.

Synopsis: Relocation issues in family law matters. Requires an individual who has or is seeking custody of or parenting time with a child and who intends to relocate to: (1) provide notification by registered mail not later than 90 days before the individual intends to move to an individual who has or is seeking custody of, parenting time with, or grandparent visitation with the child; and (2) provide specific information in the notice unless providing the information would create a significant risk of substantial harm to the individual or the child. Provides that a court may consider the intent to relocate a child in an initial custody hearing. Provides that: (1) not later than 60 days after a nonrelocating parent receives the notice, the nonrelocating parent may file a motion with the court to prevent the relocation of a child; (2) if the nonrelocating parent fails to file a motion with the court, the individual may relocate; (3) upon request of either party, the court shall hold a full evidentiary hearing; and (4) the relocating individual has the burden of proof that the relocation is made in good faith and for a legitimate purpose. Establishes: (1) additional factors the court may consider in determining whether to modify the custody, parenting time, grandparent visitation, or child support orders in actions concerning relocation; and (2) factors the court may consider in granting or denying a petition to prevent relocation of a child. Requires a grandparent seeking visitation rights to file a petition in a circuit, superior, or probate court. (Current law requires a grandparent to file in a circuit or superior court.) Repeals provisions concerning notice of the relocation of a child in child custody matters. (The introduced version of this bill was prepared by the child custody and support advisory committee.)

Effective: July 1, 2006.

# Ford, Breaux, Steele, Bowser

January 9, 2006, read first time and referred to Committee on Judiciary. January 11, 2006, reported favorably — Do Pass. January 17, 2006, read second time, amended, ordered engrossed.



### Second Regular Session 114th General Assembly (2006)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2005 Regular Session of the General Assembly.

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## SENATE BILL No. 40

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning family law and juvenile law.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

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1	SECTION 1. IC 31-9-2-48.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
2	AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
3	1, 2006]: Sec. 48.5. "Grandparent visitation", for purposes of
4	IC 31-17-2.2, means visitation rights granted to a grandparent
5	under IC 31-17-5.
6	SECTION 2. IC 31-9-2-84.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
7	AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
8	1, 2006]: Sec. 84.5. "Nonrelocating individual", for purposes of
9	IC 31-14-13 and IC 31-17-2.2, means an individual who has or is
10	seeking:

- (1) custody of a child;
- 12 (2) parenting time with a child; or
- 13 (3) visitation with a child under IC 31-17-5.
- 14 SECTION 3. IC 31-9-2-84.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE
- 15 AS A NEW SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY
- 16 1, 2006]: Sec. 84.7. "Nonrelocating parent", for purposes of
- 17 IC 31-17-2.2, means a parent of a child who has or is seeking:



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1	(1) custody of the child; or	
2	(2) parenting time with the child;	
3	and does not intend to move the individual's principal residence.	
4	SECTION 4. IC 31-9-2-107.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
5	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
6	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2006]: Sec. 107.5. "Relocating individual",	
7	for purposes of IC 31-17-2.2, means an individual who has or is	
8	seeking:	
9	(1) custody of a child; or	
10	(2) parenting time with a child;	
11	and intends to move the individual's principal residence. The term	
12	does not include an individual granted visitation rights under	
13	IC 31-17-5.	
14	SECTION 5. IC 31-9-2-107.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA	
15	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS	
16	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1,2006]: Sec. 107.7. "Relocation", for purposes	
17	of IC 31-17-2.2, means a change in the primary residence of an	
18	individual for a period of at least sixty (60) days.	
19	SECTION 6. IC 31-14-13-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
20	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2006]: Sec. 10. If an individual	
21	who has been awarded custody of or parenting time with a child	
22	under this chapter this article (or IC 31-6-6.1-11 before its repeal)	
23	intends to move to a the individual's residence, other than a residence	
24	specified in the custody order that is outside Indiana or at least one	_
25	hundred (100) miles from the individual's county of residence, the	
26	individual must:	_
27	(1) file a notice of that intent with the clerk of the court that	
28	issued the custody or parenting time order; and	<b>Y</b>
29	(2) send a copy of the notice to each noncustodial parent	
30	nonrelocating individual in accordance with IC 31-17-2.2.	
31	SECTION 7. IC 31-17-2.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE	
32	AS A NEW CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE	
33	JULY 1, 2006]:	
34	Chapter 2.2. Relocation	
35	Sec. 1. (a) A relocating individual must file a notice of the intent	
36	to move with the clerk of the court that:	
37	(1) issued the custody order or parenting time order; or	
38	(2) if subdivision (1) does not apply, has jurisdiction over the	
39 10	legal proceedings concerning the custody of or parenting time	
40 4.1	with a child;	
41 12	and send a copy of the notice to any nonrelocating individual.  (b) Upon motion of a party, the court shall set the matter for a	



1	hearing to review and modify, if appropriate, a custody order,
2	parenting time order, grandparent visitation order, or child
3	support order. The court shall take into account the following in
4	determining whether to modify a custody order, parenting time
5	order, grandparent visitation order, or child support order:
6	(1) The distance involved in the proposed change of residence.
7	(2) The hardship and expense involved for the nonrelocating
8	individual to exercise parenting time or grandparent
9	visitation.
10	(3) The feasibility of preserving the relationship between the
11	nonrelocating individual and the child through suitable
12	parenting time and grandparent visitation arrangements,
13	including consideration of the financial circumstances of the
14	parties.
15	(4) Whether there is an established pattern of conduct by the
16	relocating individual, including actions by the relocating
17	individual to either promote or thwart a nonrelocating
18	individual's contact with the child.
19	(5) The reasons provided by the:
20	(A) relocating individual for seeking relocation; and
21	(B) nonrelocating parent for opposing the relocation of the
22	child.
23	(6) Other factors affecting the best interest of the child.
24	(c) The court may award attorney's fees for a motion filed under
25	this section in accordance with IC 31-15-10.
26	Sec. 2. (a) If a party provides notice of relocation at an initial
27	hearing to determine custody, the court may consider the factors
28	set forth in this chapter in the court's initial custody determination.
29	(b) The court may consider a proposed relocation of a child as
30	a factor in determining whether to modify a custody order,
31	parenting time order, grandparent visitation order, or child
32	support order.
33	Sec. 3. (a) Except as provided in section 4 of this chapter, an
34	individual required to file a notice under IC 31-14-13-10 or section
35	1 of this chapter must:
36	(1) send the notice to a nonrelocating individual:
37	(A) by registered mail; and
38	(B) not later than ninety (90) days before the date that the
39	relocating individual intends to move; and
40	(2) provide the following information in the notice:
41	(A) The intended new residence, including the:
42	(i) address; and



1	(ii) mailing address of the relocating individual, if the	
2	mailing address is different than the address under item	
3	(i).	
4	(B) The home telephone number of the new residence.	
5	(C) Any other applicable telephone number for the	
6	relocating individual.	
7	(D) The date that the relocating individual intends to move.	
8	(E) A brief statement of the specific reasons for the	
9	proposed relocation of the child.	
10	(F) A proposal for a revised schedule of parenting time or	
11	grandparent visitation with the child.	
12	(G) A statement that a parent must file an objection to the	
13	relocation of the child with the court not later than sixty	
14	(60) days after receipt of the notice.	
15	(H) A statement that a nonrelocating individual may file a	_
16	petition to modify a custody order, parenting time order,	
17	grandparent visitation order, or child support order.	
18	(b) Except as provided in section 4 of this chapter, if the	
19	relocating individual is unable to provide the information required	
20	under subsection (a)(2) not later than ninety (90) days before the	
21	relocating individual intends to move, the relocating individual	
22	shall provide the information in the manner required under	
23	subsection (a) not later than ten (10) days after the date that the	
24	relocating individual obtains the information required to be	-
25	provided under subsection (a)(2). However, the relocating	
26	individual must provide all the information required under	
27	subsection (a)(2) not later than thirty (30) days before the	
28	relocating individual intends to move to the new residence.	V
29	Sec. 4. If a court finds that disclosure of the information	
30	required under section 3 of this chapter creates a significant risk	
31	of substantial harm to the relocating individual or the child, the	
32	court may order:	
33	(1) that the address, the telephone number, or other	
34	identifying information of the relocating individual or child	
35	not be disclosed in the pleadings, other documents filed in the	
36	proceeding, or the final order;	
37	(2) that the information required under section 3 of this	
38	chapter be maintained by the clerk of the court in a secure	
39	location separate from the pending case file;	
40	(3) that the notice requirements under IC 31-14-13-10 or this	

chapter be waived to the extent necessary to protect the relocating individual or child from significant risk of



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1	substantial harm; or
2	(4) other remedial action that the court considers necessary to
3	facilitate the legitimate needs of the parties and the best
4	interest of the child.
5	Sec. 5. (a) Not later than sixty (60) days after receipt of the
6	notice from the relocating individual under IC 31-14-13-10 or this
7	chapter, a nonrelocating parent may file a motion seeking a
8	temporary or permanent order to prevent the relocation of a child.
9	(b) On the request of either party, the court shall hold a full
0	evidentiary hearing to grant or deny a relocation motion under
.1	subsection (a).
2	(c) The relocating individual has the burden of proof that the
.3	proposed relocation is made in good faith and for a legitimate
4	reason.
5	(d) If the relocating individual meets the burden of proof under
6	subsection (c), the burden shifts to the nonrelocating parent to
7	show that the proposed relocation is not in the best interest of the
. 8	child.
9	(e) If the nonrelocating parent fails to file a motion under
20	subsection (a), the relocating individual who has custody of the
21	child may relocate to the new residence.
22	Sec. 6. (a) If a nonrelocating parent files a motion under section
23	5 of this chapter, the court, after notice and an opportunity to be
24	heard or after compliance with Trial Rule 65(B), may grant a
25	temporary order restraining the relocation of a child or order the
26	child to be returned to the nonrelocating parent if the court finds:
27	(1) that the notice required under IC 31-14-13-10 or this
28	chapter was not served in a timely manner and the parties
29	have not presented an agreement concerning a parenting time
80	schedule;
31	(2) that the child has been relocated without:
32	(A) the appropriate notice;
3	(B) an agreement between the parties; or
34	(C) a court order; or
55	(3) from an examination of the evidence presented at the
6	temporary hearing, that there is a likelihood that, after a final
57	hearing, the court will not approve the relocation of the child.
8	(b) The court may grant a temporary order permitting the
19	relocation of the child pending a final hearing if the court:
10	(1) determines that the notice required under IC 31-14-13-10
1	or this chapter was provided in a timely manner;
12	(2) issues an order for a revised schedule for temporary



1	parenting time with the child; and	
2	(3) reviews the evidence presented at the temporary hearing	
3	and determines that there is a likelihood that, after the final	
4	hearing, the court will approve the relocation of the child.	
5	(c) If the court issues a temporary order authorizing the	
6	relocating individual to move, in its final judgment, the court must	
7	consider factors:	
8	(1) other than; or	
9	(2) in addition to;	
10	the temporary relocation of the child when issuing a final order.	
11	SECTION 8. IC 31-17-5-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
12	FOLLOWS: Sec. 4. A grandparent seeking visitation rights shall file a	
13	petition requesting reasonable visitation rights:	
14	(1) in a circuit or superior circuit, superior or probate court of	
15	the county in which the child resides in a case described in	
16	section $1(a)(1)$ , $1(a)(3)$ , or 10 of this chapter; or	
17	(2) in the court having jurisdiction over the dissolution of the	U
18	parents' marriage in a case described in section 1(a)(2) of this	
19	chapter.	
20	SECTION 9. THE FOLLOWING ARE REPEALED [EFFECTIVE	
21	JULY 1, 2006]: IC 31-17-2-4; IC 31-17-2-23.	
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### COMMITTEE REPORT

Madam President: The Senate Committee on Judiciary, to which was referred Senate Bill No. 40, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the Senate with the recommendation that said bill DO PASS.

(Reference is made to Senate Bill 40 as introduced.)

BRAY, Chairperson

Committee Vote: Yeas 8, Nays 0.

### SENATE MOTION

Madam President: I move that Senate Bill 40 be amended to read as follows:

Page 6, between lines 10 and 11, begin a new paragraph and insert: "SECTION 8. IC 31-17-5-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS: Sec. 4. A grandparent seeking visitation rights shall file a petition requesting reasonable visitation rights:

- (1) in a circuit or superior circuit, superior or probate court of the county in which the child resides in a case described in section 1(a)(1), 1(a)(3), or 10 of this chapter; or
- (2) in the court having jurisdiction over the dissolution of the parents' marriage in a case described in section 1(a)(2) of this chapter.".

Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.

(Reference is to SB 40 as printed January 12, 2006.)

BRODEN

